§416.1525

- (2) How we made that decision;
- (3) Whether we are responsible for paying the fee from past-due benefits; and
- (4) That within 30 days of the date of the notice, either you or your representative may request us to review the fee determination.
- (d) Review of fee determination—(1) Request filed on time. We will review the decision we made about a fee if either you or your representative files a written request for the review at one of our offices within 30 days after the date of the notice of the fee determination. Either you or your representative, whoever requests the review, shall mail a copy of the request to the other person. An authorized official of the Social Security Administration who did not take part in the fee determination being questioned will review the determination. This determination is not subject to further review. The official shall mail a written notice of the decision made on review both to you and to your representative at your last known address.
- (2) Request not filed on time. (i) If you or your representative requests a review of the decision we made about a fee, but does so more than 30 days after the date of the notice of the fee determination, whoever makes the request shall state in writing why it was not filed within the 30-day period. We will review the determination if we decide that there was good cause for not filing the request on time.
- (ii) Some examples of good cause fol-
- (A) Either you or your representative was seriously ill and the illness prevented you or your representative from contacting us in person or in writing.
- (B) There was a death or serious illness in your family or in the family of your representative.
- (C) Material records were destroyed by fire or other accidental cause.
- (D) We gave you or your representative incorrect or incomplete information about the right to request review.
- (E) You or your representative did not timely receive notice of the fee determination.
- (F) You or your representative sent the request to another government agency in good faith within the 30-day

period, and the request did not reach us until after the period had ended.

(3) Payment of fees. We assume no responsibility for the payment of a fee based on a revised determination if the request for administrative review was not filed on time.

[45 FR 52106, Aug. 5, 1980, as amended at 72 FR 16725, Apr. 5, 2007]

§ 416.1525 Request for approval of a fee.

- (a) Filing a request. In order for your representative to obtain approval of a fee for services he or she performed in dealings with us, he or she shall file a written request with one of our offices. This should be done after the proceedings in which he or she was a representative are completed. The request must contain—
- (1) The dates the representative's services began and ended;
- (2) A list of the services he or she gave and the amount of time he or she spent on each type of service;
- (3) The amount of the fee he or she wants to charge for the services;
- (4) The amount of fee the representative wants to request or charge for his or her services in the same matter before any State or Federal court;
- (5) The amount of and a list of any expenses the representative incurred for which he or she has been paid or expects to be paid;
- (6) A description of the special qualifications which enabled the representative, if he or she is not an attorney, to give valuable help to you in connection with your claim; and
- (7) A statement showing that the representative sent a copy of the request for approval of a fee to you.
- (b) Evaluating a request for approval of a fee. (1) When we evaluate a representative's request for approval of a fee, we consider the purpose of the supplemental security income program, which is to assure a minimum level of income for the beneficiaries of the program, together with—
- (i) The extent and type of services the representative performed;
- (ii) The complexity of the case;
- (iii) The level of skill and competence required of the representative in giving the services;

- (iv) The amount of time the representative spent on the case;
- (v) The results the representative achieved:
- (vi) The level of review to which the claim was taken and the level of the review at which the representative became your representative; and
- (vii) The amount of fee the representative requests for his or her services, including any amount authorized or requested before, but not including the amount of any expenses he or she incurred.
- (2) Although we consider the amount of benefits, if any, that are payable, we do not base the amount of fee we authorize on the amount of the benefit alone, but on a consideration of all the factors listed in this section. The benefits payable in any claim are determined by specific provisions of law and are unrelated to the efforts of the representative. We may authorize a fee even if no benefits are payable.

§416.1528 Proceedings before a State or Federal court.

- (a) Representation of a party in court proceedings. We shall not consider any service the representative gave you in any proceeding before a State or Federal court to be services as a representative in dealings with us. However, if the representative also has given service to you in the same connection in any dealings with us, he or she must specify what, if any, portion of the fee he or she wants to charge is for services performed in dealings with us. If the representative charges any fee for those services, he or she must file the request and furnish all of the information required by §416.1525.
- (b) Attorney fee allowed by a Federal court. If a Federal court in any proceeding under title XVI of the Act makes a judgment in favor of the claimant who was represented before the court by an attorney, and the court, under section 1631(d)(2) of the Act, allows to the attorney as part of its judgment a fee not in excess of 25 percent of the total of past-due benefits to which the claimant is eligible by reason of the judgment, we may pay the attorney the amount of the fee out of, but not in addition to, the amount of the past-due benefits payable. We

will not pay directly any other fee your representative may request.

[72 FR 16725, Apr. 5, 2007]

§416.1530 Payment of fees.

- (a) Fees allowed by a Federal court. Commencing February 28, 2005, we will pay a representative who is an attorney, out of your past-due benefits, as defined in §416.1503, the amount of the fee allowed by a Federal court in a proceeding under title XVI of the Act. The payment we make to the attorney is subject to the limitations described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section.
- (b) Fees we may authorize—(1) Attorneys and non-attorneys eligible to participate in the direct payment demonstration project. Except as provided in paragraphs (c) and (e) of this section, commencing February 28, 2005, if we make a determination or decision in your favor and you were represented by an attorney or a non-attorney who is eligible to participate in the direct payment demonstration project, as defined in §416.1517, and as a result of the determination or decision you have past-due benefits, as defined in §416.1503, we will pay the representative out of the past-due benefits, the smallest of the amounts in paragraphs (b)(1)(i) through (iii) of this section, less the amount of the assessment described in paragraph (d) of this section.
- (i) Twenty-five percent of the total of the past-due benefits, as determined before any payment to a State (or political subdivision) to reimburse the State (or political subdivision) for interim assistance furnished you, as described in §416.525 of this part, and reduced by the amount of any reduction in benefits under this title or title II pursuant to section 1127 of the Act;
- (ii) The amount of past-due benefits remaining after we pay to a State (or political subdivision) an amount sufficient to reimburse the State (or political subdivision) for interim assistance furnished you, as described in §416.525 of this part, and after any applicable reductions under section 1127 of the Act: or
- (iii) The amount of the fee that we set.
- (2) Non-attorneys not eligible to participate in the direct payment demonstration project. If the representative is a non-